LOW-COST **PERSONAL S**PACE **W**EATHER **STATION UPDATE**

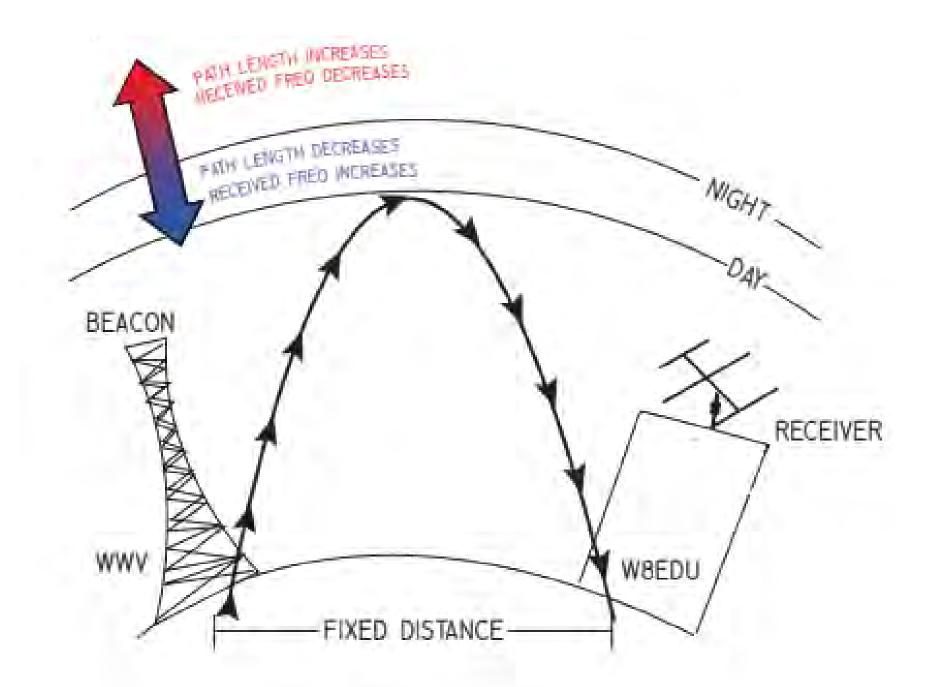




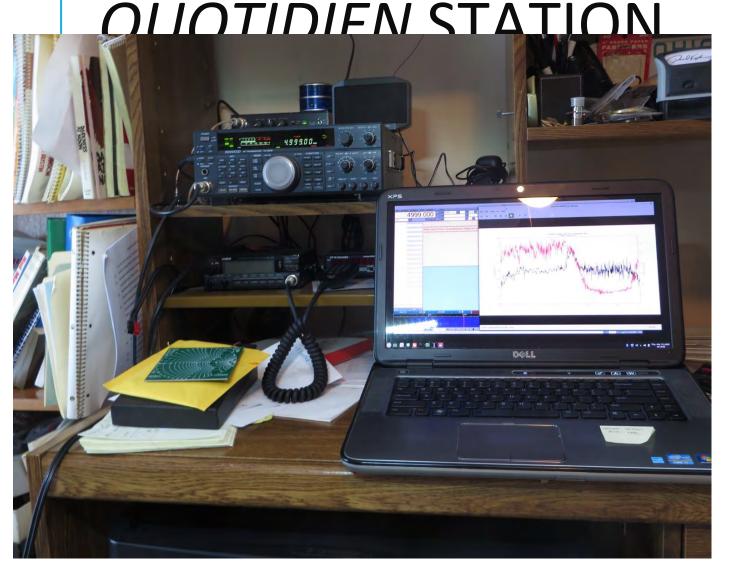


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HamSCI Workshop Online, 20 March 2020



THE DATA COME FROM A FAIRLY



Linux laptop
30 year old transceiver
Rigblaster interface
Some wire trailing into the attic

The system is, in effect, a low-IF SDR. Here, it is measuring a WWV carrier frequency with an IF of 1KHz.

OSCILLATORS RUN OFF ONE 20 MHZ-DRIVEN DDS CHIP. THE INTERNAL CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR WAS REPLACED WITH A



GPSDO interferes with 5&10 MHz. I need to improve the shielding! The frequency stability and accuracy with GPS off are still adequate for this data collection.

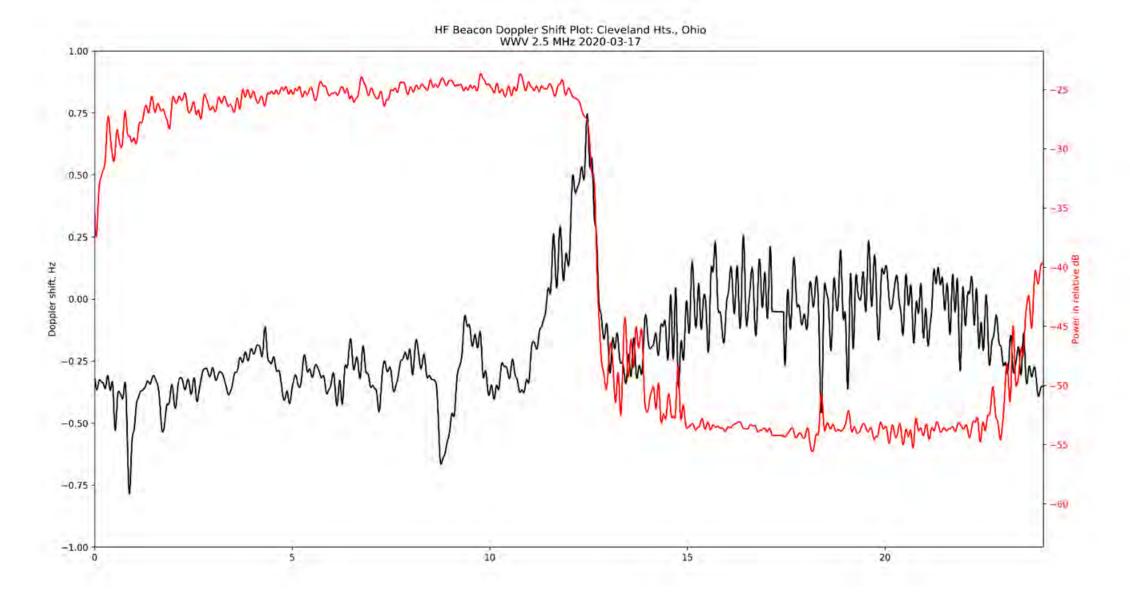
COMPUTER RUNS FLDIGI AND IS SHOWING A 5 MHZ WWV DOPPLER GRAPH (BLACK) AND SIGNAL STRENGTH (RED).



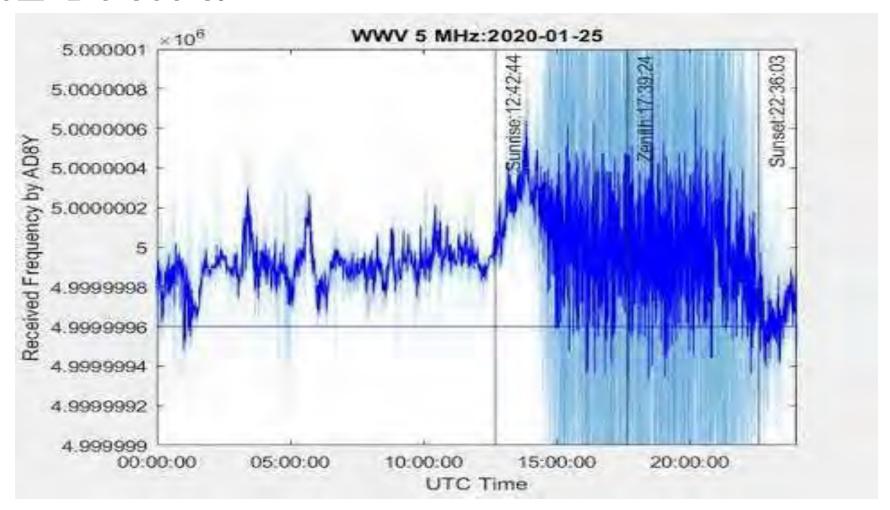
The graph is lowpass filtered at 0.1 Hz.

Time is one UTC day, so center-screen events are local sunrise; right side is around local sunset.

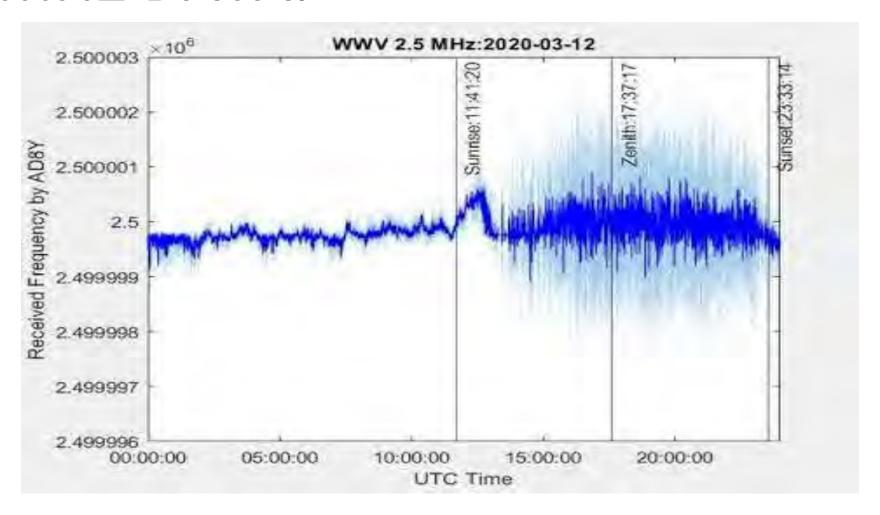
Antenna is pretty bad in this setup, just some wire jumbled into the attic.



5 MHZ DATA:



2.5 MHZ DATA:



LOCAL SOFTWARE INCLUDES FLDIGI, PYTHON CODE, CRONTAB TIMINGS

fldigi analysis.cxx as modified by John Gibbons N8OBJ

- date and timestamps the data file
- saves it in a WWV data directory
- Has some robustness for data loss

Python code

- names and stows completed data files by beacon (WWV or CHU, frequency)
- Does some statistical checks and error correction (from interruptions)
- Prepares graphs

Crontab is Linux's timing daemon. Python code is called at the beginning of each UTC day to do above tasks.

AND THE **FESTIVAL OF FREQUENCY MEASUREM** www.EMT_{00.org}

https://hamsci.org/wwvcentennial-festivalfrequency-measurements





MEAS PARTI



THE FESTIVAL OF FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT DEMONSTRATED MUCH VOLUNTEER ENTHUSIASM.

WE WOULD LIKE TO IMPROVE AND SIMPLIFY THIS SYSTEM SO THAT ANY UNOCCUPIED RECEIVER OR TRANSCEIVER COULD BE COLLECTING, DISPLAYING, AND UPLOADING DATA:

THE FREQUENCY ANALYSIS NETWORK,

MANY, MANY AMATEUR RADIO AND SWL STATIONS HAVE A COMPUTER RUNNING FLDIGI ALREADY ATTACHED AND ARE INTERNET CONNECTED.

A small app running in the background may be all that is required.

The absolute system requirements are fairly minimal; we can remove enough systematic errors that extreme frequency accuracy isn't required at the receiver.

Requirements are even more relaxed for second-tick multipath determination if a GPSDO is available.

These results seem to satisfy the question of whether a Doppler-shift measurement personal space weather station is feasible and can obtain interesting results.



FAIR DATA PRINCIPLE

Data Repository – Open, persistent (e.g., Zenodo.org)

PUBLISH

Findable
Accessible
Interoperable

Reusable

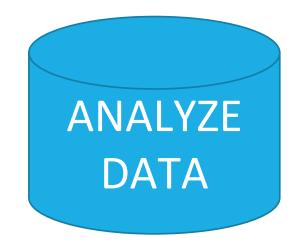
Data Collection Systems (sensor networks, volunteers)

COLLECT Researchers' data analysis system

ANALYZE

Results generated from data analysis





https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/

WANT TO COLLECT DOPPLER SHIFT DATA?

You can set up your own data collection in FLDigi.

Use the instructions composed by Aidan Montare KB3UMD for the Festival of Frequency Measurement at

https://hamsci.org/wwv-centennial-festival-frequency-measurements

In FLDigi, use the Analysis mode. John Gibbons N8OBJ recently contributed code to improve the data collection; it will be appearing in an upcoming release.

INTERESTED IN JOINING THE FREQUENCY ANALYSIS NETWORK?

FLDigi will now be able to collect this data in a format well-suited for uploading and analysis.

Our next step will be to set up automatic uploading of this data and metadata using the Zenodo API, and then package it in a ham-friendly way. **We could use some software help here.**

If you're interested, please reply to this interest survey:

https://forms.gle/ucRDZbU8ZgsaE2cX8